Historia
Económica y del
Pensamiento
Económico /
Economic History
and Economic
Thought

Grado en Economía y Negocios Internacionales





NEBRIJA

SYLLABUS

Degree: Grado en Economía y Negocios Internacionales

Type: Mandatory

Languages: This course will be taught in English

Modality: In-Person and Online

Credits: 6 Year: 1st

Semester: Fall Semester

Professors and contact information: César Lajud y José Domingo Portero.

1. COMPETENCIES AND LEARNING OUTCOMES

The objective of this subject is to provide the student with the instruments of critical analysis of the theories and economists of economic thought. To do this, the student must acquire a series of knowledge, skills and attitudes.

1.1. Competencies

Basic competencies

CB1.

CB2.

CB3.

CB4. CB5.

General competencies

CG4.

CG9.

Specific competencies

CE1.

CE11.

CE25.

1.2. Learning outcomes

- Know, associate and apply the basic elements of economic analysis.
- Interpret global macroeconomic trends.
- Know the social foundations of economic behavior.

2. CONTENTS

2.1. Prerequisites

None.



2.2. Description

This course is a survey of world economic history and the economic though. Economic history is a wide-ranging course which uses many economic concepts and theories which can help our understanding of economic changes including those that are occurring in the world at the present time. The course will begin with a brief survey of pre-capitalist economic history and thought, then cover the evolution of economic thinking from Adam Smith:

- · the Classical Political Economists:
- the Marginalist Revolution and Neoclassical economics;
- heterodox approaches to Political Economy;
- the Keynesian and Austrian schools of thought;
- · recent developments in economic thinking.

2.3. Covered Topics

Debate between classicism, neoclassicism and Keynesianism.

Economic history

- The great divergence
- The rise of the West
- The Industrial Revolution
- The rise of the rich
- The great empires
- The Americas
- Africa
- The standard model and late industrialization
- Big push industrialization

2.4. Individual / Group Assignments

- AD1. Group presentation about specific subject presented in class.
- AD2. Debate about one actual specific economic subject.

2.5. Learning Activities

| In-Person Learning | Hours | Attendance % |
|---------------------------------------|-------|--------------|
| AF1 Lecture / Theoretical Foundations | 45 | 100% |
| AF2 Case Studies | 9 | 100% |
| AF3 Tutorial | 9 | 100% |
| AF4 Individual / Group Assignments | 18 | 0% |
| AF5 Online Assignments | 6 | 50% |
| AF6 Extracurricular Materials | 6 | 0% |
| AF7 Self Study | 57 | 0% |



| Online Learning | Hours | Attendance % |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------------|
| AF8 Online Lecture | 12 | 50% |
| AF9 Online Case Studies | 12 | 0% |
| AF5 Online Assignments | 48 | 0% |
| AF6 Extracurricular Materials | 18 | 0% |
| AF7 Self Study | 24 | 0% |
| AF10 Online Tutorial | 12 | 100% |
| AF11 Individual / Group Assignments | 24 | 50% |

Methodologies:

In-Person: MD1, MD2, MD3, MD4 Online: MD1, MD2, MD3, MD4

3. GRADING RUBRICS

3.1. Grades

Grades are calculated as follows:

0 - 4.9 Fail (SS)

5.0 - 6.9 Pass (AP)

7.0 - 8.9 Notable (NT)

9.0 - 10 Outstanding (SB)

The mention of "Matrícula de Honor" may be awarded to students who have obtained a grade equal to or greater than 9.0.

3.2. Evaluation criteria

Ordinary Session

Modality: In-Person

| Evaluation Criteria | Percentage |
|-----------------------------------|------------|
| S1 Attendance and Participation | 10% |
| S2 Individual / Group Assignments | 30% |
| S3 Midterm Exam (On-Site) | 10% |
| S4 Final Exam (On-Site) | 50% |

Modality: Online

| Evaluation Criteria | Percentage |
|--|------------|
| S10 Participation (Forums and Supervised Activities) | 10% |
| S2 Individual / Group Assignments | 30% |
| S4 Final Exam (On-Site) | 60% |



Extraordinary Session

Modality: In-Person

| Evaluation Criteria | Percentage |
|-----------------------------------|------------|
| S2 Individual / Group Assignments | 30% |
| S4 Final Exam (On-Site) | 70% |

Modality: Online

| Evaluation Criteria | Percentage |
|-----------------------------------|------------|
| S2 Individual / Group Assignments | 30% |
| S4 Final Exam (On-Site) | 70% |

3.3. Restrictions

Minimum Grade

To be able to qualify for inclusion of the above evaluation criteria percentages in the calculation of the final grade, it is necessary to obtain at least a grade of 5.0 in the final test.

Attendance

Student who have missed more than 25% class meetings (unexcused) may be denied the right to take the final exam in the ordinary session.

Writing Standards

Special attention will be given to written assignments, as well as to exams, regarding both presentation and content in terms of grammatical and spelling aspects. Failure to meet the minimum acceptable standards may result in point deduction.

3.4. Plagiarism Warning

Nebrija University will not tolerate plagiarism under any circumstances. Reproducing content from sources other than a student's own work (the internet, books, articles, and peers' work, among others) without proper citation will be considered plagiarism.

If these practices are detected, they will be considered a serious offense, and the sanctions provided for in the Student Regulations may be applied.

4. BIBLIOGRAPHY

Required Reading

- · Smith, A. (1776). The Wealth of Nations, Publisher, W. Strahan and T. Cadell. London.
- Ferguson, N. (2008). The Ascent of Money. Publisher, Penguin Press U.K & The Penguin Press USA.
- · Heilbroner, R. L. (1953). The Worldly Philosophers. Publisher, Simon & Schuster.
- · Robbins, L. (1932). A History of Economic Thought. Publisher, Macmillan.
- Schumpeter, J. A. (1934). The Theory of Economic Development, Publisher, Harvard University Press.



Recommended Reading

- · Gordon, R. J. (2016). *The Rise and Fall of American Growth*, Publisher Princeton University Press.
- Polanyi, K. (1944). The Great Transformation. Publisher, Farrar & Rinehart USA.
- Piketty, T. (2014). Capital in the Twenty-First Century. Publisher, Belknap Press (Harvard University Press).